

MU-SPIN Ninth Annual Users' Conference

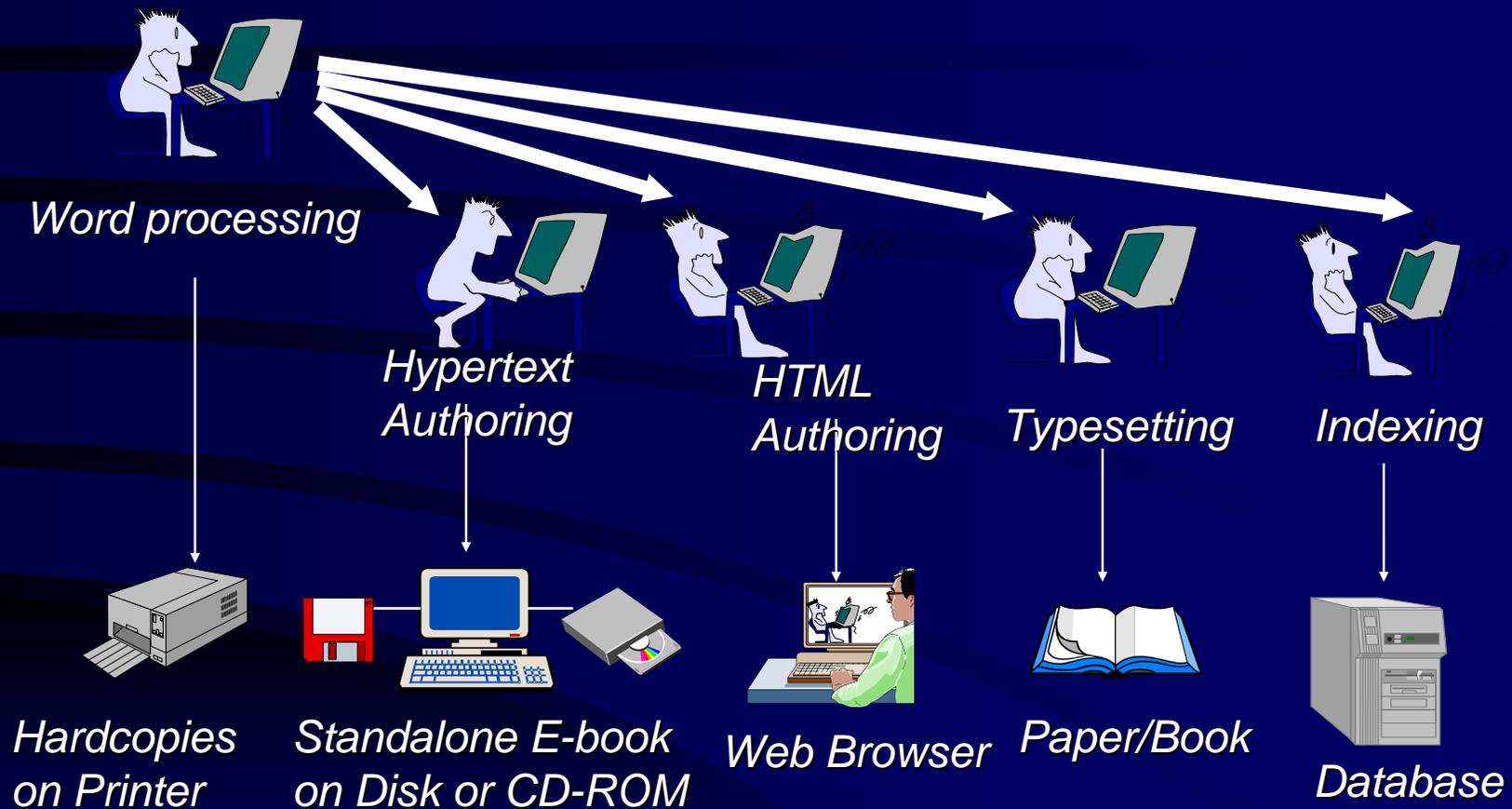
The Next Generation Web Servers

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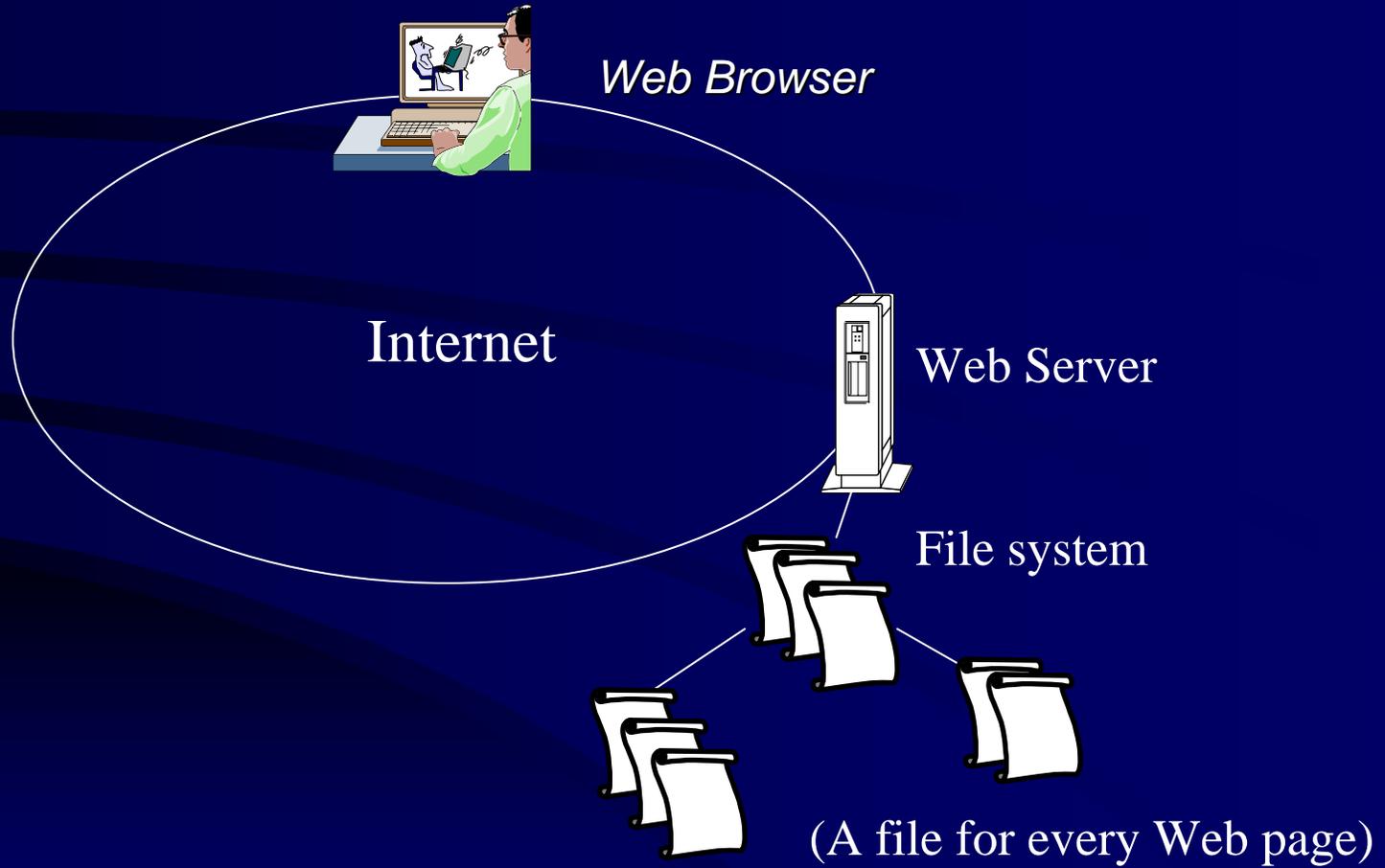
Outline

- Functions of Web Servers
 - Document Publishing
 - Process Automation
- HTML Failed to deliver
- XML Comes to the Rescue
- XML-enabled Web Servers

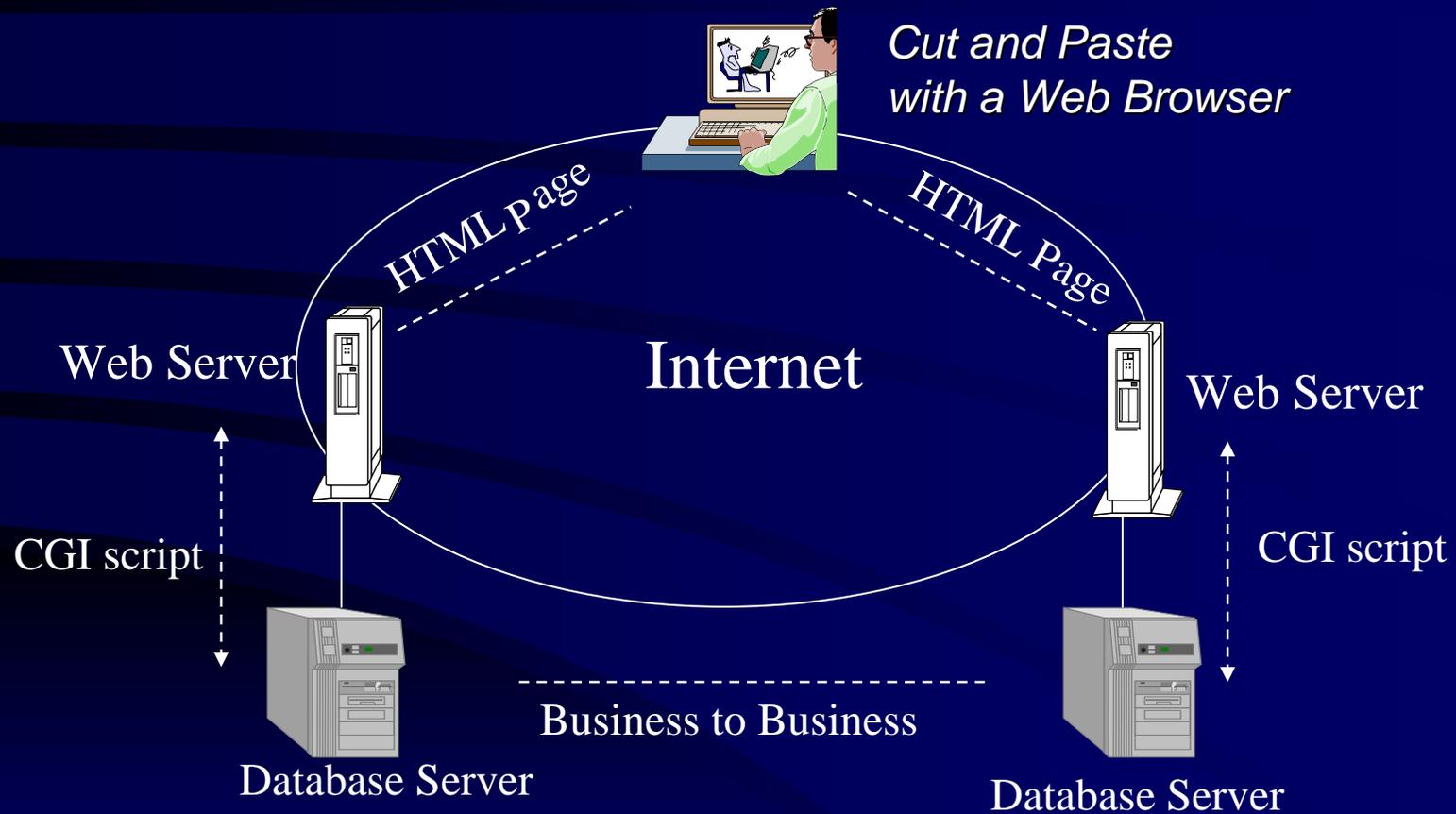
(Labor Intensive) Publishing Process



Web Publishing - Electronic Flash Cards



No Process Automation



Why HTML Failed to Deliver

- Fixed Content View (1 page, 1 view)
- Hard to implement Table of Content
- Primitive Hyperlinks: Unidirectional
 - Easily get lost in cyberspace
- Lack of structures
 - No intelligent search (full text search)
 - Pages can not be manipulated
 - Very poor for storage
 - No direct database query
 - No process automation

Why HTML Failed to Deliver

- Format tags (e.g. for bold, <center> for centering) mixed with structural tags (e.g. TITLE)
- Style sheet is hardcoded in the browsers*
- Fixed set of tags, No extensibility* (Documents created become locked to browsers, vice versa) (*Workaround through JAVA)
- Page-based displaying, difficult to convert large or sophisticated documents to HTML pages

HTML Is Incapable of Creating Applications that

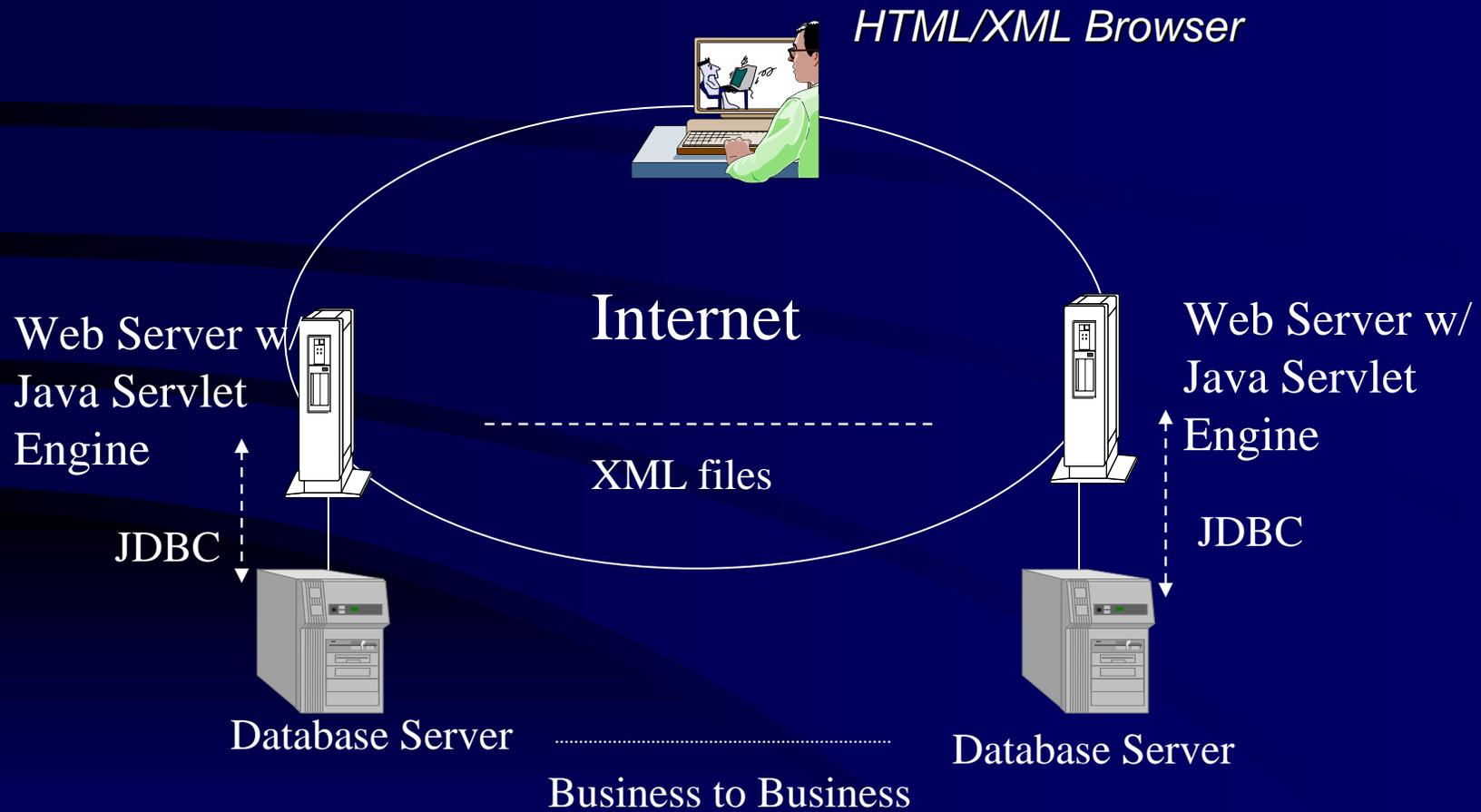
- “require the Web client to mediate between two or more heterogeneous databases.
- attempt to distribute a significant proportion of the processing load from the Web server to the Web client.
- require the Web client to present different views of the same data to different users.
- in which intelligent Web agents attempt to tailor information discovery to the needs of individual users.” (Bosak, [3])

XML Comes to the Rescue

XML = eXtensible Markup Language,
a subset of SGML (ISO 8879:1986)

- Marks the structure and intent of a document, not the format
- Multiple Content Views for Access Control
- Reusable Document Components
- Can Be Converted to Multiple Formats on A Variety of Media for Any Application on Any System
- One-to-many, and Bi-directional hyperlinks

True Process Automation



XML Specifications

- XML
 - Well-formed
 - Valid, Conformed to Define Document Types (DTD)
- XLL, eXtensible Link Language:
 - Xlink, and
 - XPointer
- XSL, eXtensible Style Language

A Sample Memorandum

Memorandum

To: *Computer Science Faculty*
From: *Jim Kung*
Date: *September 18, 1999*
Subject: *Weekly Announcement*

*We will have a Departmental picnic next Saturday.
Don't forget to bring a cover dish.*

*Please attend next seminar on September 25, 1999
by Dr. S. Shah*

As a Well-Formed XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="yes" ?>
<memo>_____Memorandum
  <head>
    <receiver>Computer Science Faculty </receiver>
    <sender>      Jim Kung </sender>
    <date>September 18, 1999</date>
    <subject>Weekly Announcement </subject>
  </head>
  <body>
    <para>
      We will have a Departmental picnic this Saturday.
      Don't forget to bring a covered dish.</para>
    <para>
      Please attend the next seminar on <date>September 25,
      1999 </date>by Dr. S. Shah.</para>
  </body>
</memo>
```

Memo DTD

```

<!-- This is a very simple DTD for Memoranda.-->
<!DOCTYPE memo [
<!ELEMENT memo (head, body)
<!ELEMENT head (sender, receiver, date, heading)
<!ELEMENT (sender | receiver | heading) (#PCDATA)
<!ELEMENT date (#PCDATA)
<!ELEMENT body (para+)
<!ELEMENT para (#PCDATA | date)
]>

```

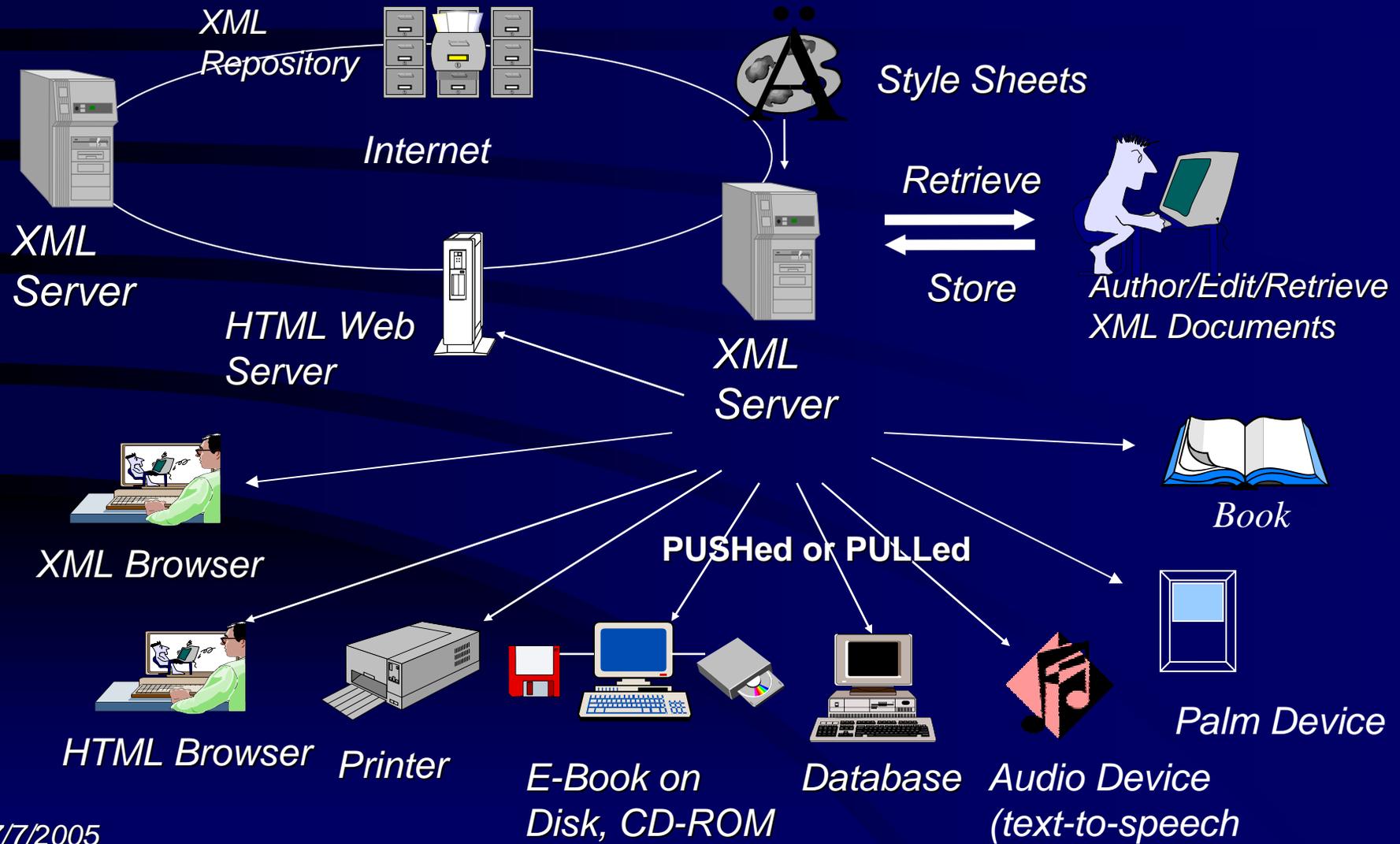
Appear in Sequence

*Parse Character Data
(Plain Text)*

*+ = Required & Repeatable
* = Optional and Repeatable
? = Optional*

The Next Generation Web Server

Using XML Technology



Enable XML on a Web Server

After Documents are Created in XML:

1. Distribute XML Documents to XML-Capable Browsers

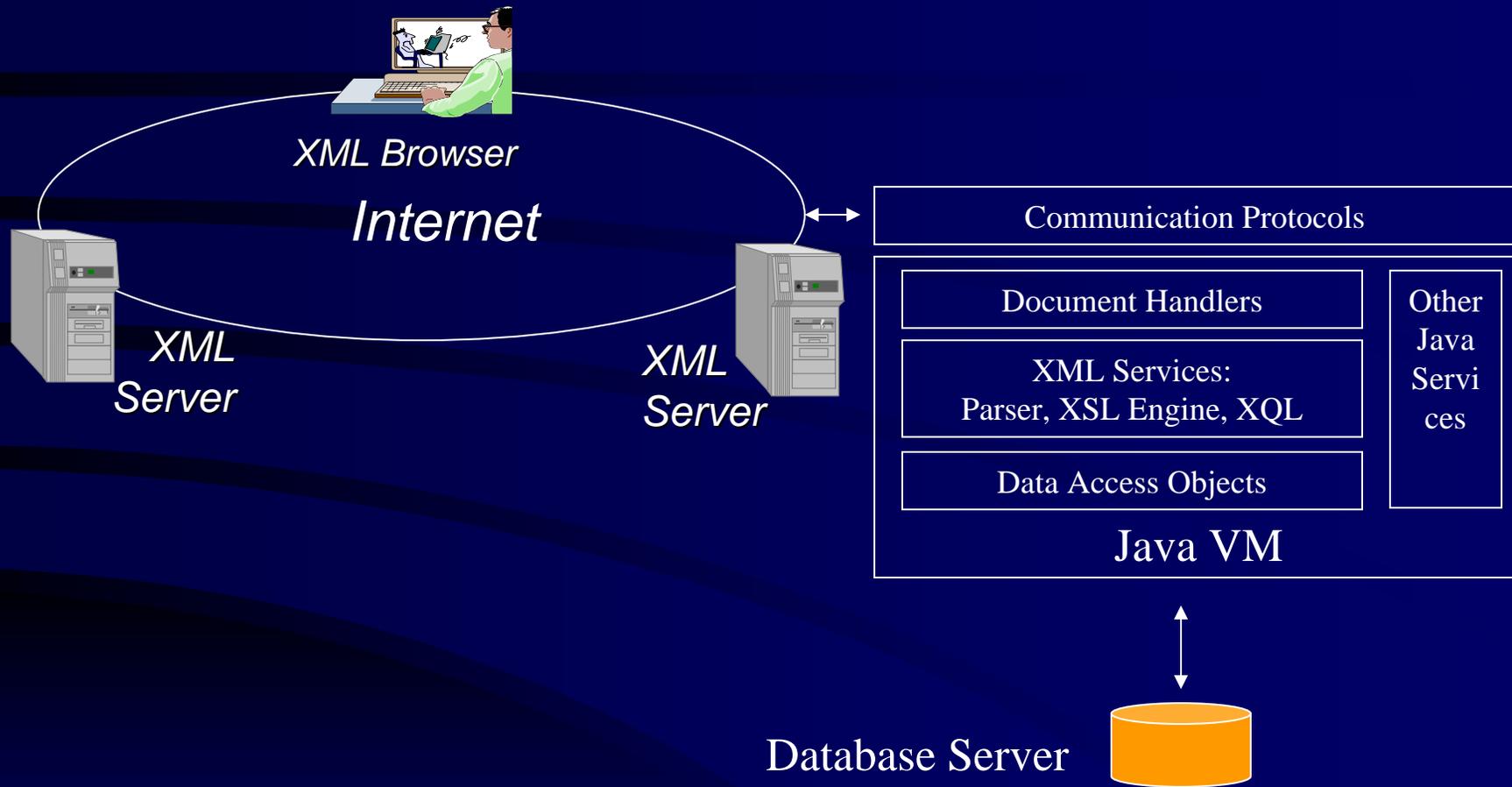
For the HTML-only Browsers:

2. Downward Convert XML to HTML on the Fly Using Perl or Other Scripts
3. Downward Convert XML to HTML on the Fly Using Java Servlets

XML and Java

- Both XML and Java Support Unicode
- Java Supports Package Structure, Dynamic Class Loading, and JavaBeans API
- Both Designed for Distributed Systems

Anatomy of An XML Server



XML Server Using Java Servlets

- Parser with DOM Support (e.g. IBM XML4J)
where DOM (Document Object Model) is a set of APIs to access and modify the content, structure, and style of an XML or HTML documents.
- XSL (Extensible Stylesheet Language) engine (e.g. XSL:P)
- Java Servlet Engine (e.g. Apache JServ)
- XML->HTML Servlet (e.g. Apache Cocoon)

The Web Applications of the Future Are Here ...

- More Powerful Browsers (Jumbo, BSML Browser)
- Web Surfing on PDA, Digital Phones, Pagers and WAP (Wireless Application Protocol)
- XML will be incorporated in Oracle (8i), Sybase Database engines for easy database exchanges.
- For Internet Commerce, XML-EDI will merge ANSI X12 and U.N. EDIFACT into a single standard

XML Is Still Evolving

(You can get on the bandwagon)

- XSL and XLL are yet to be finalized
- XML Data Type support (v2.0?)
- XSchema: More Powerful Way to Specify Document Structure than DTD
- The Next Killer (XML) Application? Better Search Engine Using RDF Perhaps
- New XML Editors, XML Browsers: Most Current Ones are Prototypes
- Powerful XML Browsers Can Be Built on Top of GECKO

XML Tools

XML Editors

- **XML Pro**, <http://www.vervet.com>
- **CLIP**, <http://xml.t2000.co.kr/product/intro.html>
- **Xed**, <http://www.xml.com/xml/pub/XED>
- **Xmetal**, <http://www.sq.com>
- **Microsoft XML Notepad**, <http://www.microsoft.com>
- **Xeena**, <http://www.alphaworks.ibm.com>

Word Processors with XML Capability

- Corel Word Perfect 9
- Microsoft Office 2000

XML Tools

XML Browsers

- **MS IE 5.0**, <http://www.microsoft.com>
- **Gecko**, <http://developer.netscape.com/software/communicator/ngl/index.html?cp=dev09fg01>
- **Indelv**, <http://www.indelv.com/browser>.
- **Amaya**, <http://www.w3.org/Amaya/>
- **JUMBO**, a prototype GUI browser/editor/search/rendering tool, http://www.vsms.nottingham.ac.uk/vsms/java/jumbo/w3_blurb.html

Parsers

- **AEIfred** from MicroStar, <http://www.microstar.com>
- **DXP** from DataChannel, <http://www.datachannel.com/products/xdk/DXP>
- **xml4j** from IBM (probably the most versatile), <http://www.alphaworks.ibm.com/formula/xml>
- **MSXML** from Microsoft
<http://www.microsoft.com/standards/xml/xmlparse.htm>

XML Tools

XSL Style Sheet Editors

- **MSXSL** (free) from Microsoft takes an XML document and let user apply rules to produce an HTML document for non-XML Web browsers. <http://www.microsoft.com>
- **XML Styler** (free) from ArborText is probably the best one at present. http://www.arbortext.com/XML_Styler/xml_styler.html

DTD Editors

- **ezDTD (by Duncan Chen)** One can create or edit DTD
<http://www.geocities.com/SiliconValley/Haven/2638/ezdtd.zip>
- **DTDGenerator** (written in Java by Michael Kay of ICL): Users input a well-formed XML, it will output a DTD
<http://home.iclweb.com/icl2/mhkay/dtdgen.html>

XML Tools

XML Document Servers

- **DynaWeb**, INSO Corporation, www.inso.com
- **XMLServer**, BlueStone Software, www.bluestone.com
- **Content Management Suite**, Poet Software, www.poet.com
- **eXcelon**, Object Design Inc., www.odi.com
- **Content management**, Ardent Software, www.ardentsoftware.com

Annotated References

- [1] <http://www-tei.uic.edu/orgs/tei/sgml/teip3sg/index.html>
A Gentle Introduction to SGML, A Must-read for SGML Beginners
- [2] <http://www.sq.com/sgmlinfo/printintr.html>
An SGML PRIMER
- [3] <http://sunsite.unc.edu/pub/sun-info/standards/xml/why/xmlapps.htm>
XML, JAVA, and the Future of the Web, a Must-read
- [4] http://www.csclub.uwaterloo.ca/u/relander/Academic/XML/xml_mw.html
XML: The New Markup Wave, a Must-read
- [5] <http://www.ucc.ie/xml/faq.html>
XML Frequently Asked Questions, a Must-Read
- [6] <http://www.sil.org/sgml/sgmlnew.html>
Latest News on SGML (a lot of XML news), a Must-read
- [7] <http://www.w3.org/XML/Activity>
SGML, XML, and Structured Document Interchange

[8] <http://www.w3.org/TR/1998/REC-xml-19980210.html>

XML-- A W3C Recommendation

[9] <http://www.w3.org/Press/1998/XML10-REC-fact>

An XML Fact Sheet

[10] <http://webreview.com/97/05/16/feature/xmldim.html>

A four-part introduction on XML

[11] <http://webreview.com/97/04/11/feature/>

The Web is Ruined, and I Ruined it, "a kid named Marc Andreessen came up with the idea of the tag, and the Web was both born and destroyed at that moment,...", where HTML ends and XML starts

[12] <http://www.oasis-open.org/cover/xml.html#xmlSoftware>

<http://www.oasis-open.org/cover/publicSW.html>

http://www.stud.ifi.uio.no/~larsga/linker/XMLtools.html#P_xt

Useful XML Software Pages

[13] <http://www.oasis-open.org/cover/>

Robin Cover's XML Home Page, A Must-Read